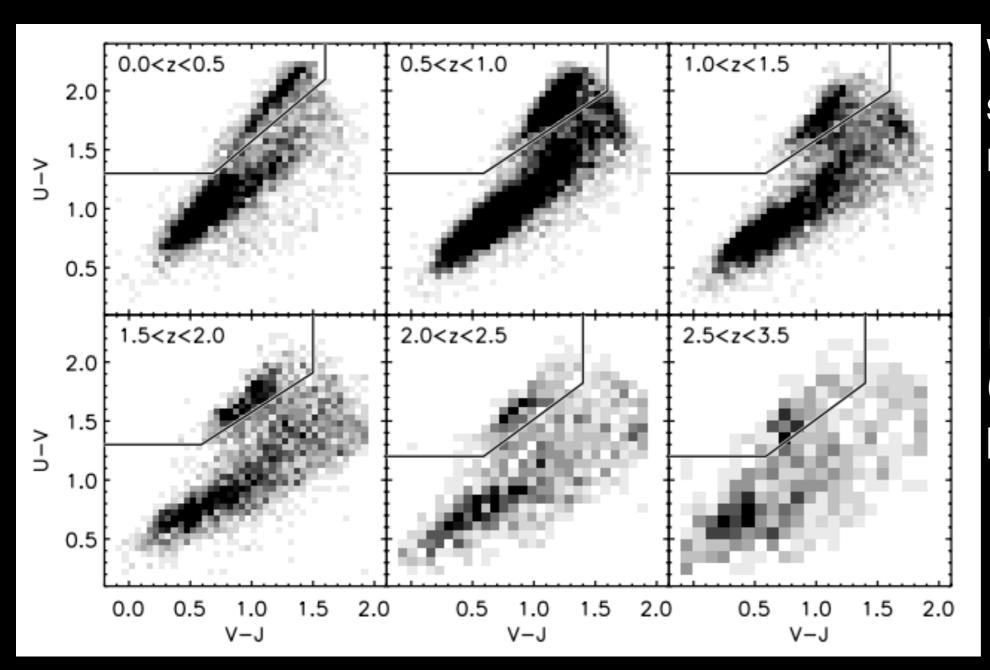


How to Quench a Galaxy

The growing population of massive, quenched galaxies



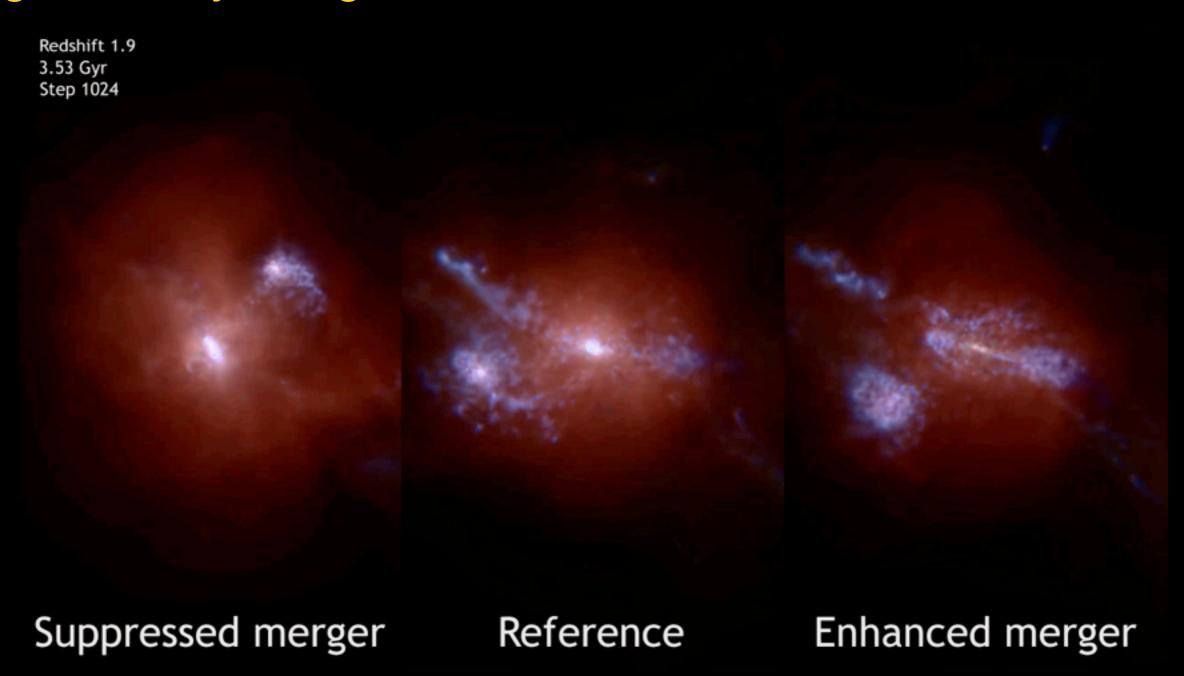
What shuts off star formation in massive galaxies?

Is this transition (Blue -> Red) permanent?

Whitaker+ 2011

AGN Feedback and Quenching

Examining the interaction between AGN Feedback and Galaxy Merger History using **Genetic Modification** (Roth+ 2016)



A novel, well-constrained model for SMBH formation, accretion, and dynamics

https://arxiv.org/abs/1607.02151

The Romulus Cosmological Simulations: A Physical Approach to the Formation, Dynamics and Accretion Models of SMBHs

M. Tremmel^{1*}, M. Karcher², F. Governato¹, M. Volonteri³, T. R. Quinn¹, A. Pontzen⁴, L. Anderson¹, J. Bellovary⁵

- •SMBHs seeded at early times without a priori assumptions of halo occupation
- Realistically follow the dynamical evolution of SMBHs (Tremmel+ 2015)
- Accretion that accounts for angular momentum of gas

¹Astronomy Department, University of Washington, Box 351580, Seattle, WA, 98195-1580

²Statistics Department, University of Washington Seattle, WA, 98195-1580

³Sorbonne Universitès, UPMC Univ Paris 6 et CNRS, UMR 7095, Institut d'Astrophysique de Paris, 98 bis bd Arago, 75014 Paris, France

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⁵ Department of Physics, Queensborough Community College, 222-05, 56th Avenue, Bayside, NY 11364

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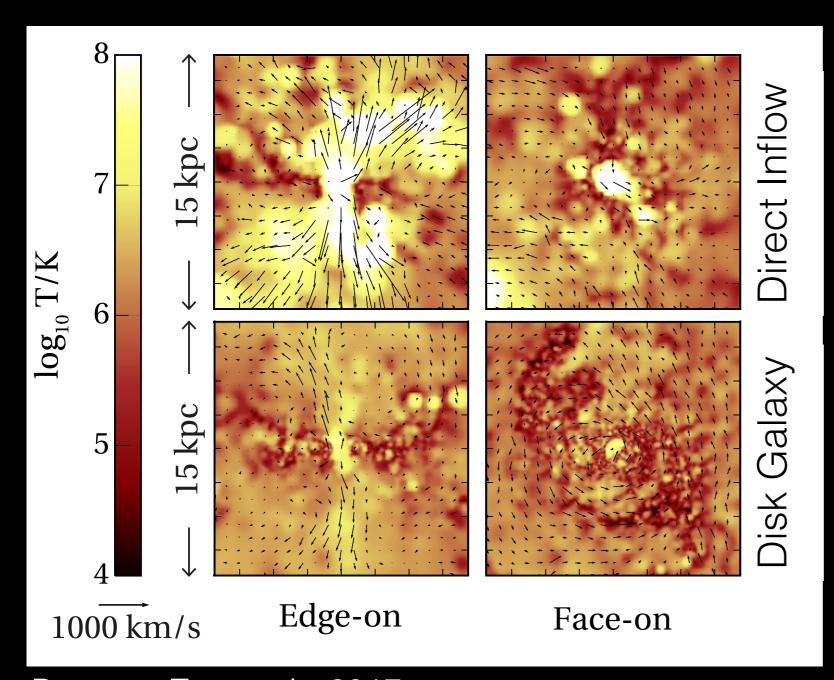
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Accretion that Accounts for Angular Momentum

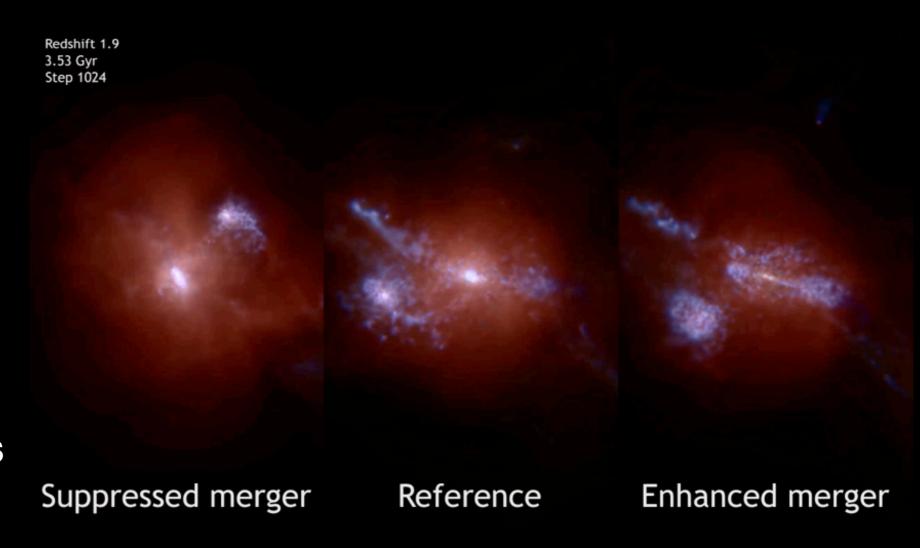


- Account for Angular
 Momentum Support Tremmel
 + 2017
 - Estimate the effective potential due to rotation at resolved scales
 - Modify the Bondi radius accordingly
- 10% Radiative eff.
- 2% (thermal) gas coupling eff.

AGN and Galaxy Mergers

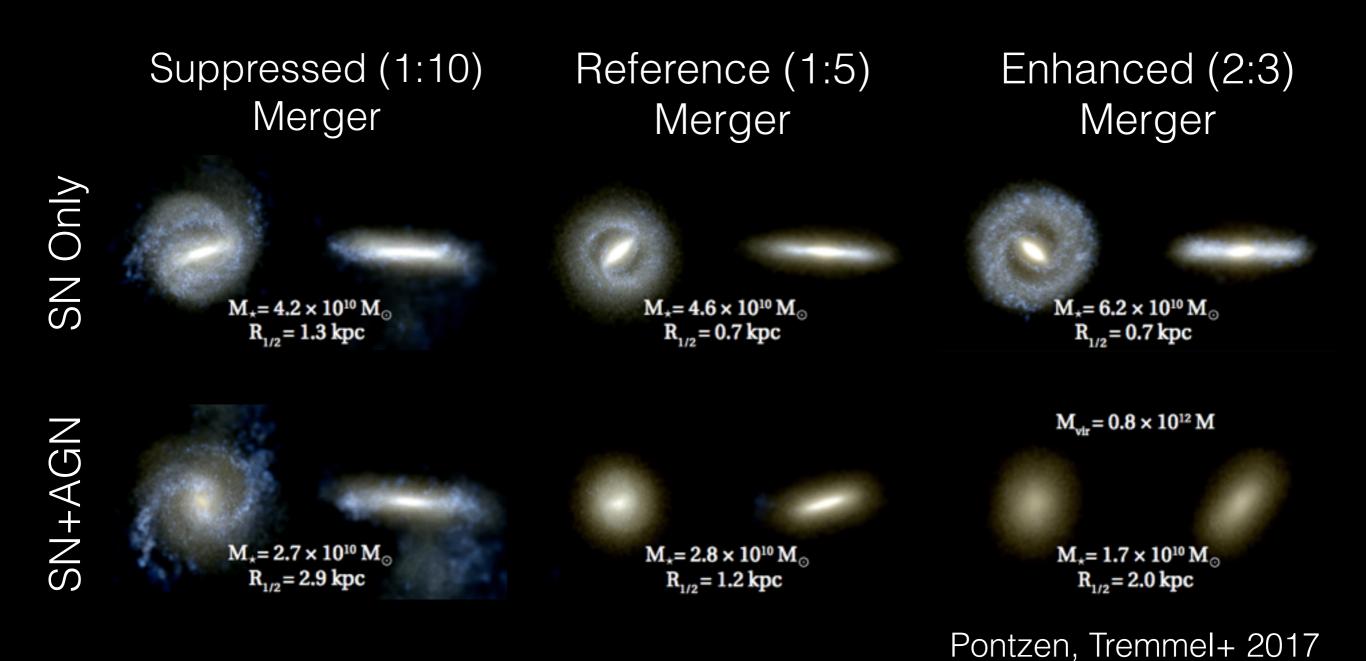
Examining the interaction between AGN Feedback and Galaxy Merger History using **Genetic Modification** (Roth+ 2016)

- High resolution (250 pc, 3x10⁵ M_{sun})
- SMBH dynamics and accretion that respond to the kinematics of their host
- Synergy with the Romulus Simulations (Tremmel+ 2017)



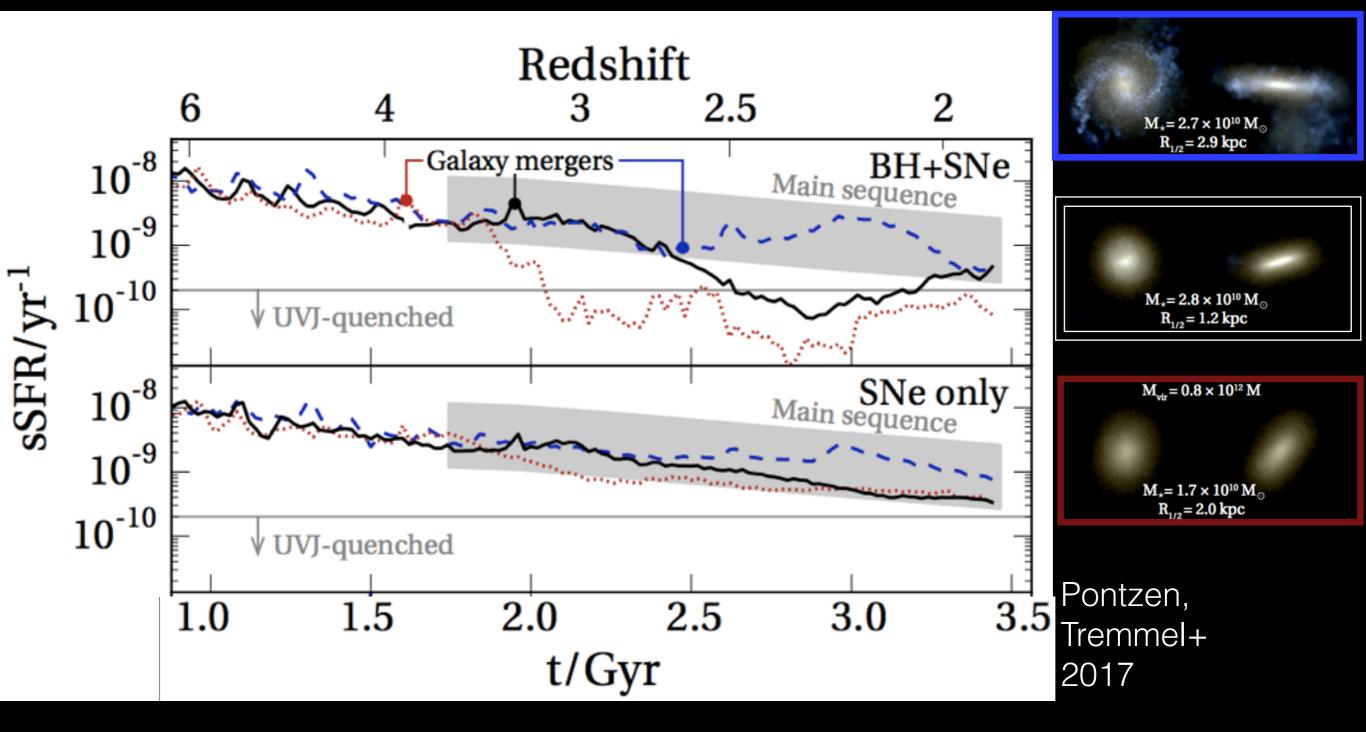
To Quench or Not to Quench

Galaxy mergers have drastic consequences for star formation and morphology.... when coupled with AGN feedback



To Quench or Not to Quench

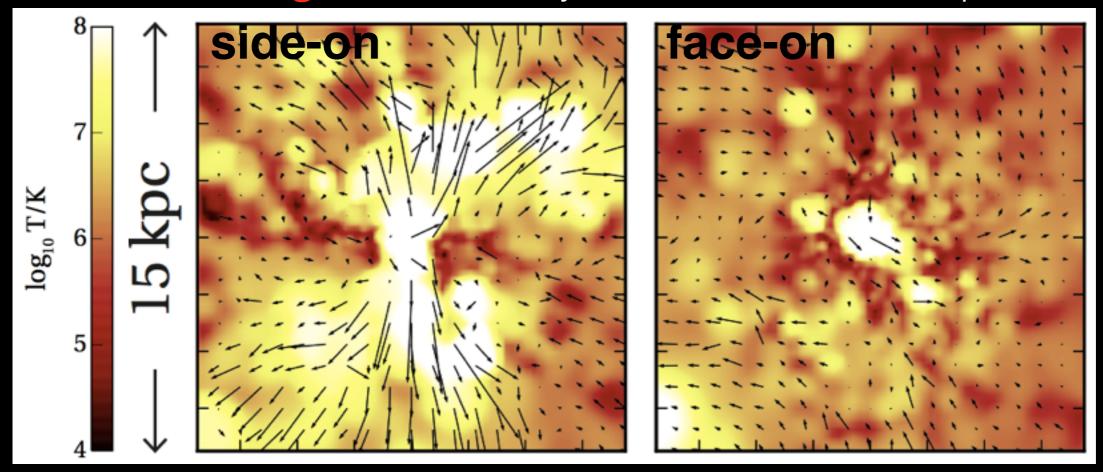
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Large-Scale Outflows

Energetic outflows prevent the reformation of a gaseous disk

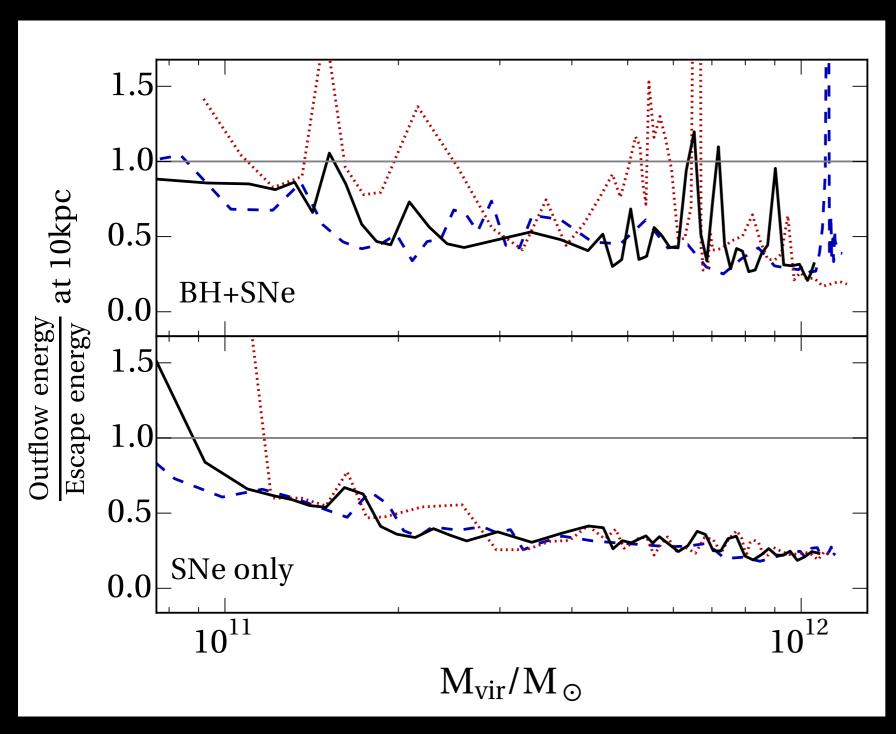
Enhanced Merger simulation just after it becomes quenched



Inflowing gas fuels AGN activity, large-scale winds rather than form a new galactic disk

Large-Scale Outflows

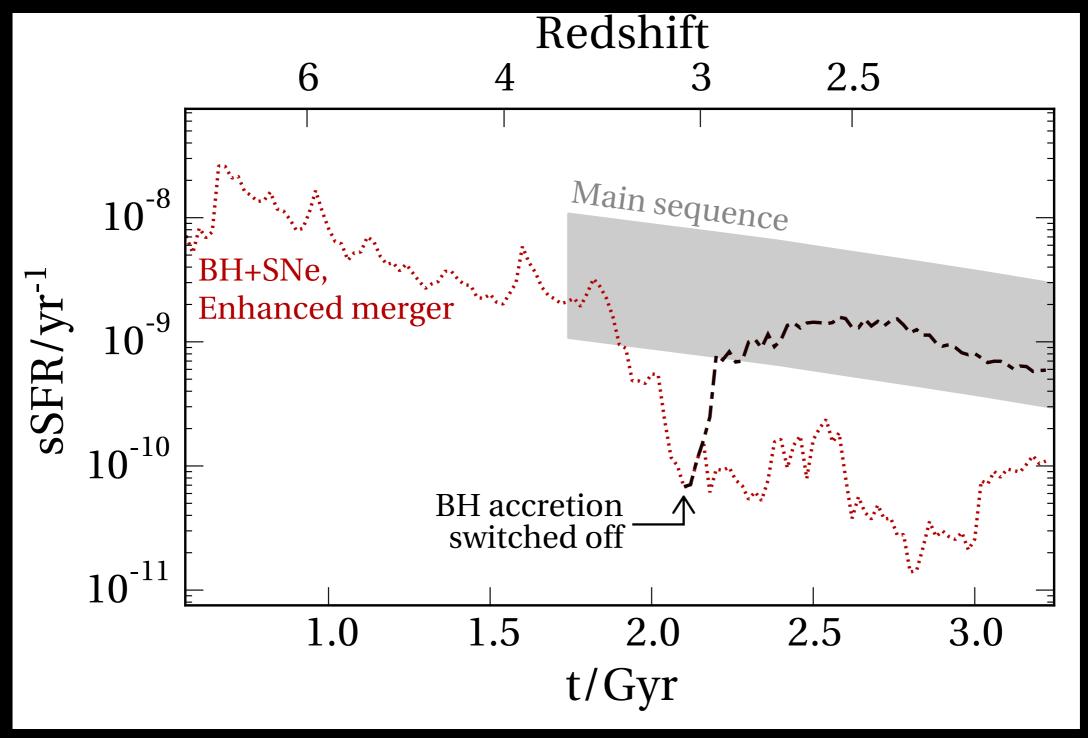
Outflows need to reach larger scales to suppress inflating gas



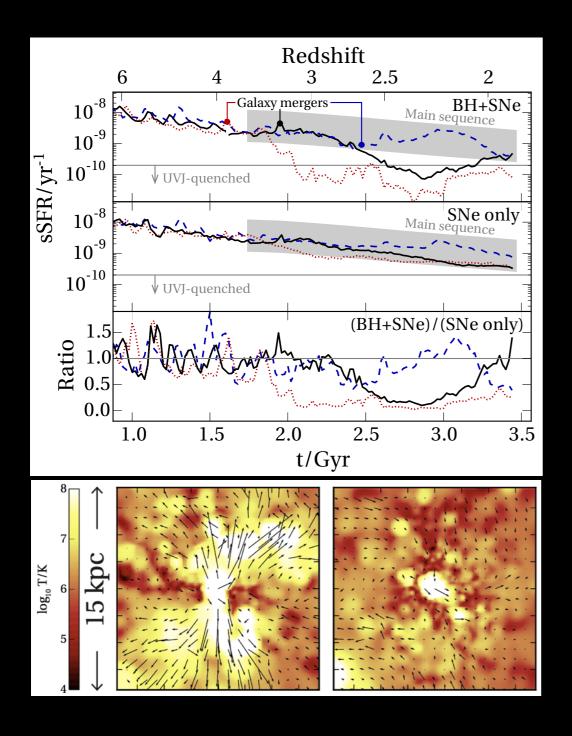
AGN that fail to drive such winds will eventually fail to prevent rejuvenation

Large-Scale Outflows

Without AGN feedback, galaxy would quickly rejuvenate



A Merger-Driven Quenching Scenario



Major merger disrupts galactic disk with help of AGN feedback

Further inflows feed SMBH, drive powerful winds

Large -scale AGN winds suppress gas inflow, prevent rejuvenation

Quenching Galaxies "In the Wild"

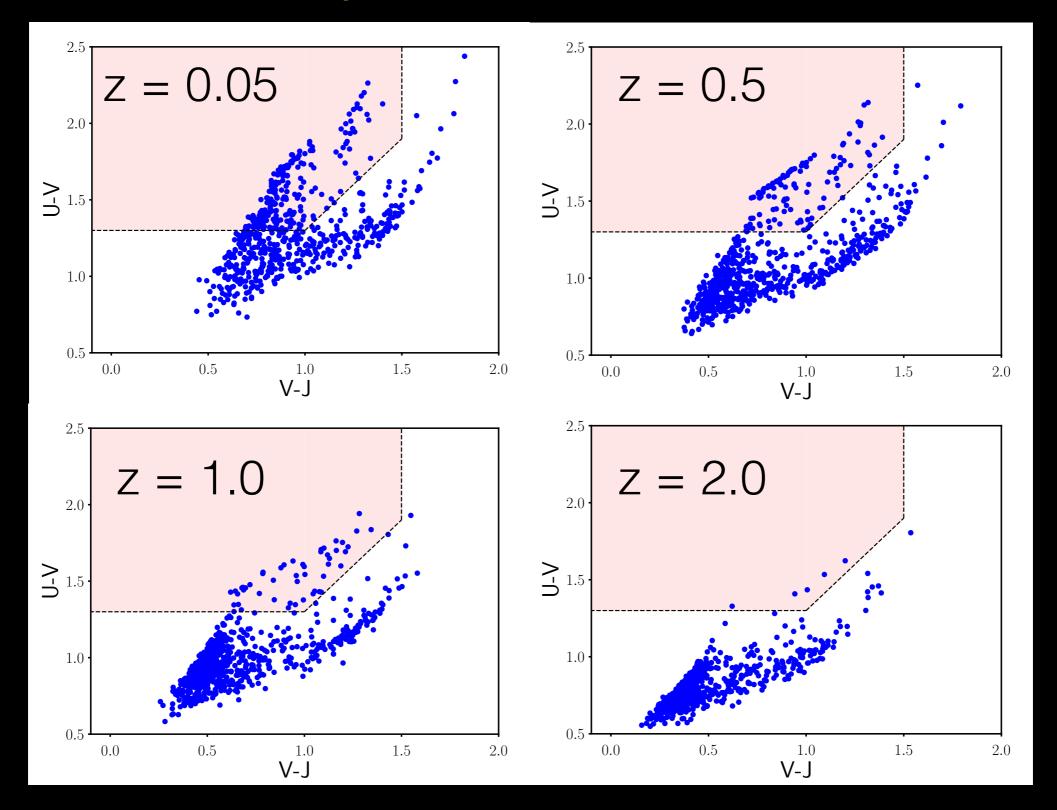
A wider exploration using the Romulus Simulations



Quenching Galaxies "In the Wild"

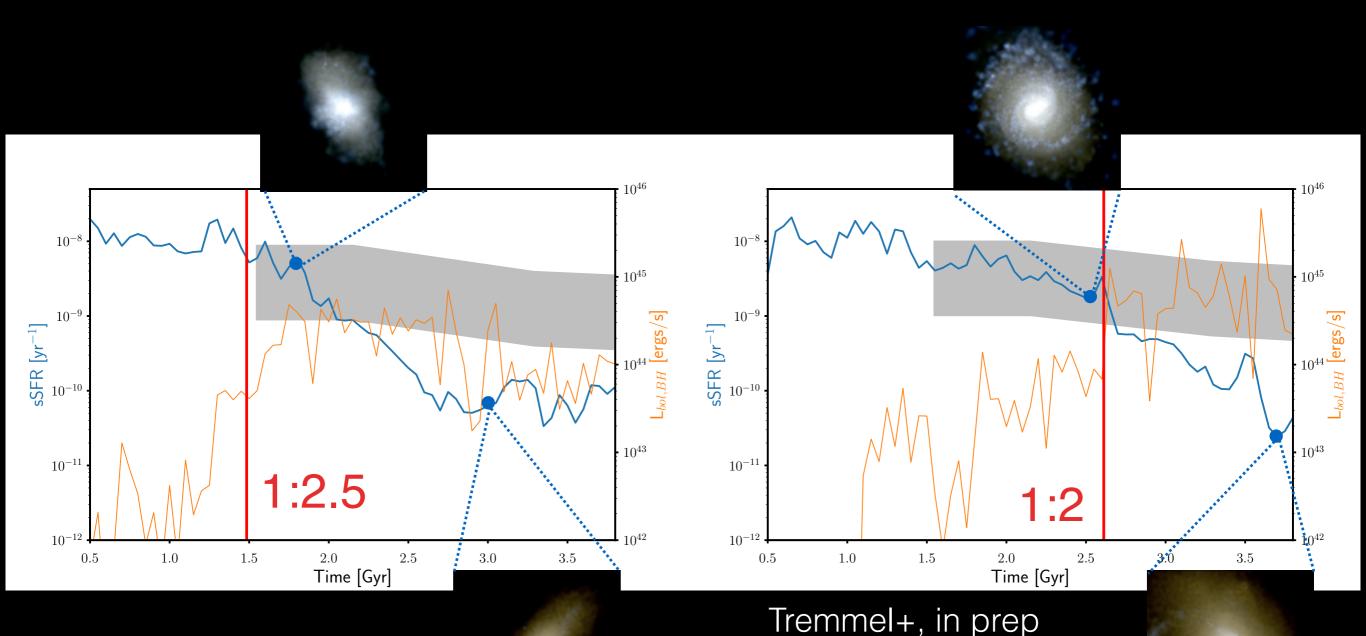
The rise of the red sequence in Romulus

Tremmel+, in prep



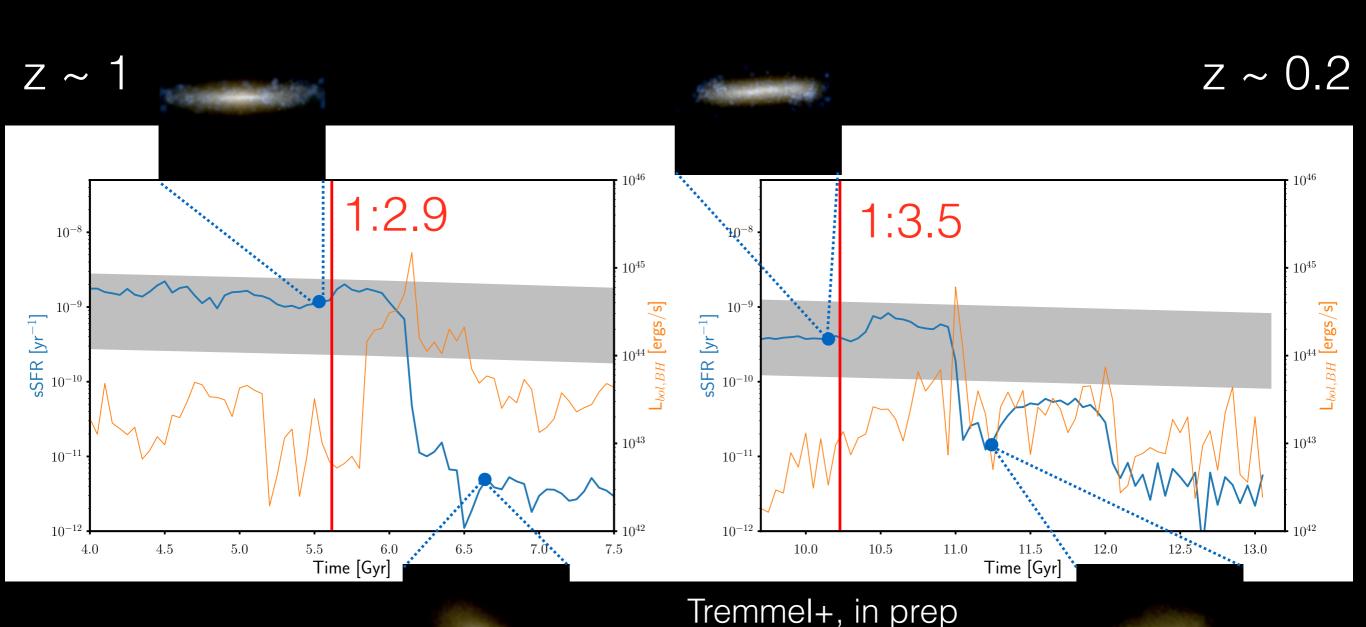
Merger Triggered Quenching at All Redshifts

Mergers cause quenching of massive galaxies at z ~ 2



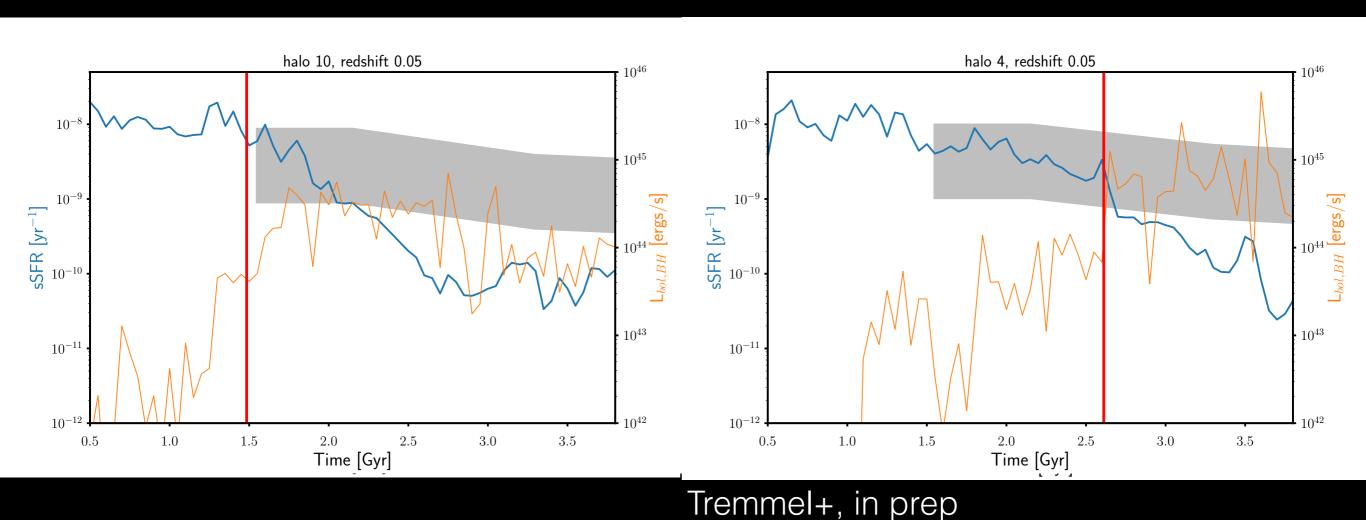
Merger Triggered Quenching at All Redshifts

Lower redshift mergers can also drive quenching



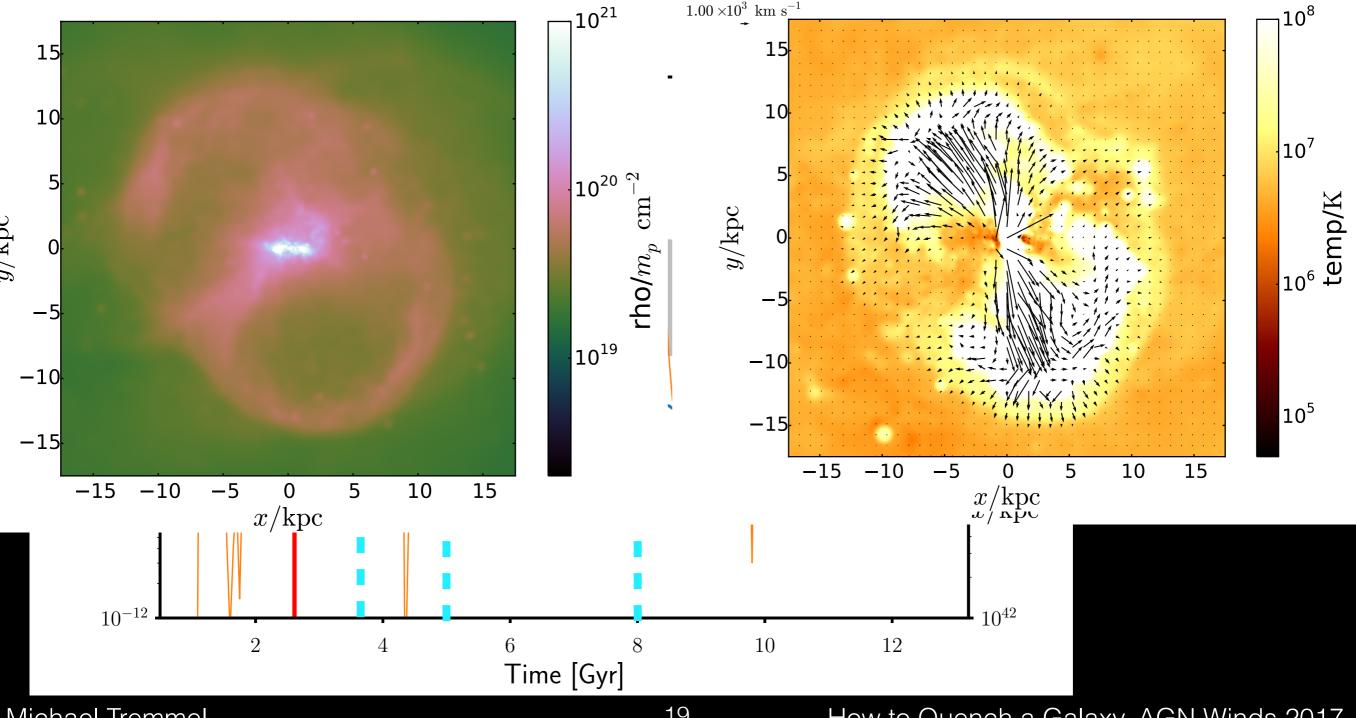
The Complicated History of Quenched Galaxies

Rejuvenation/quenching can happen multiple times



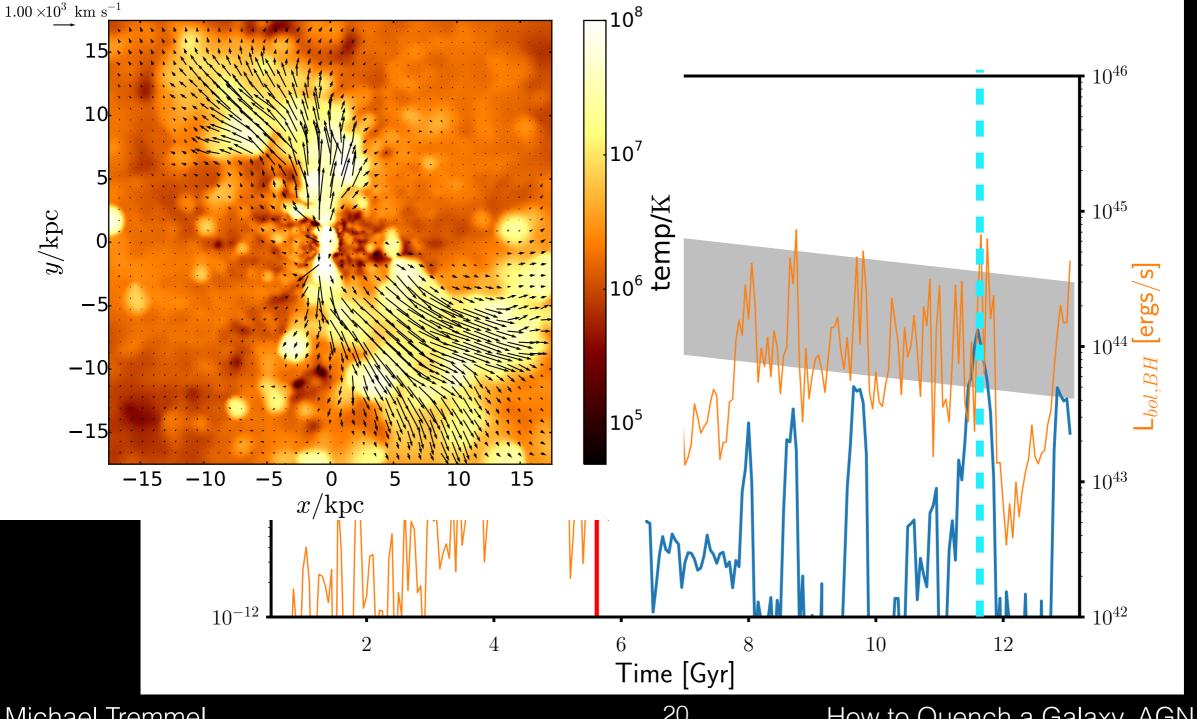
Large-Scale AGN-Driven Winds Prevent Disk Reformation

1000s km/s outflows at several to 10s kpc



Large-Scale AGN-Driven Winds Prevent Disk Reformation

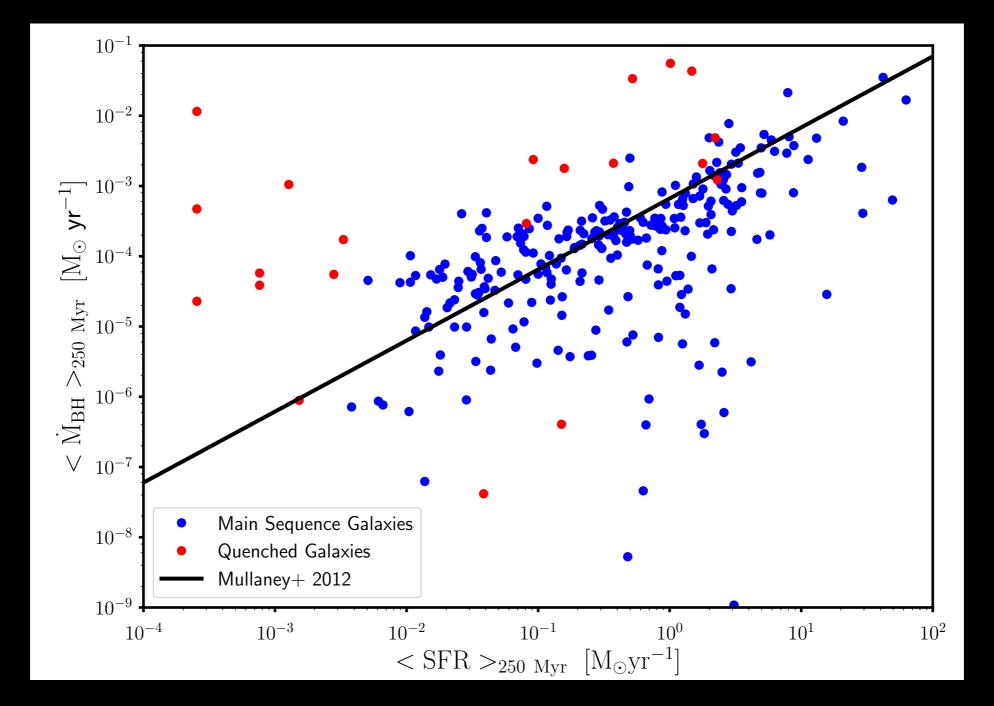
1000s km/s outflows at several to 10s kpc



Quenched Galaxies Have High AGN Activity Relative to Star Formation

Compared to Main Sequence Galaxies

Tremmel+, in prep



Conclusions

Large-scale (10s kpc), powerful winds driven by AGN are required to prevent rejuvenation in quenched galaxies

- Major mergers (ratio>0.25) and AGN feedback disrupt disk, quench star formation
- Interaction with turbulent medium drives cooling gas onto SMBH
- AGN feedback removes gas, drives large-scale winds that prevent further inflow
- Mechanism robust at a variety of redshifts
- Repeated phases of powerful AGN feedback present in quenched galaxies

Looking Forward

Observational signatures of different phases of AGN feedback

- Effect of repeated outflows on CGM in massive galaxies
- Observational characteristics of outflows at different times
- Examine lower mass galaxies

Conclusions

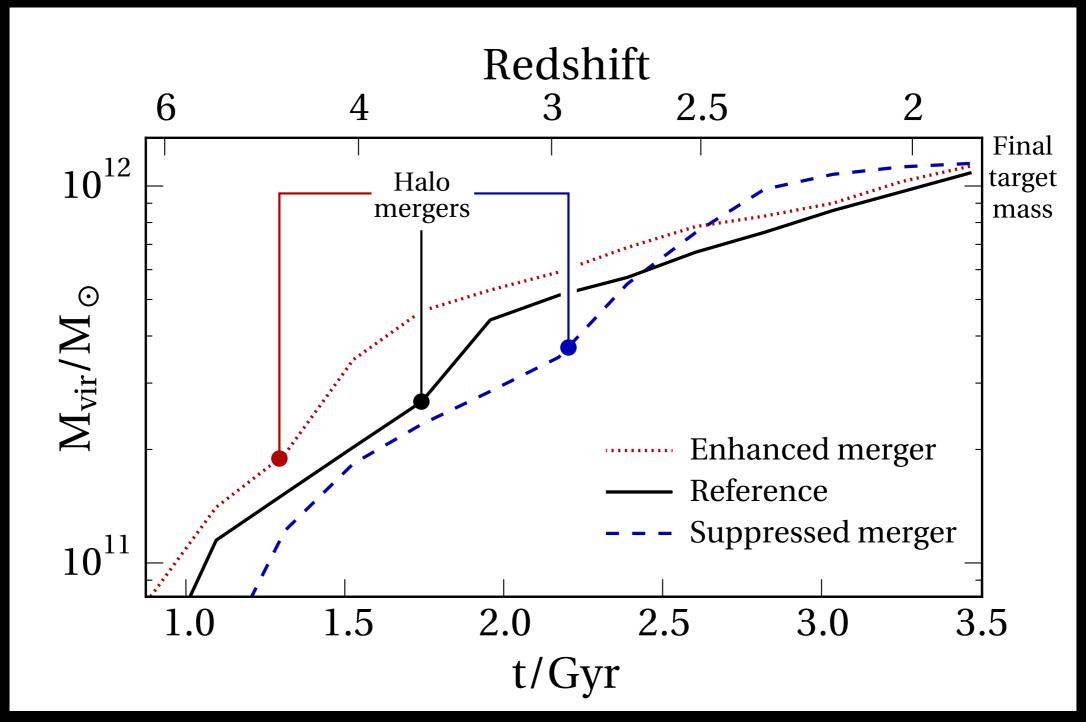
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Extra Slides

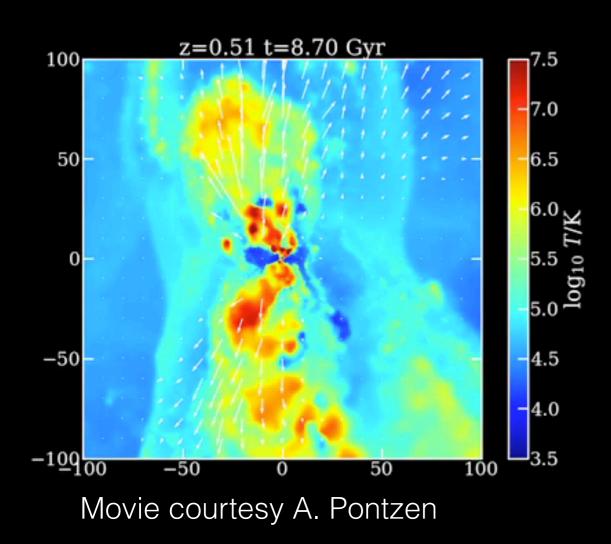
Genetically Modified Galaxies

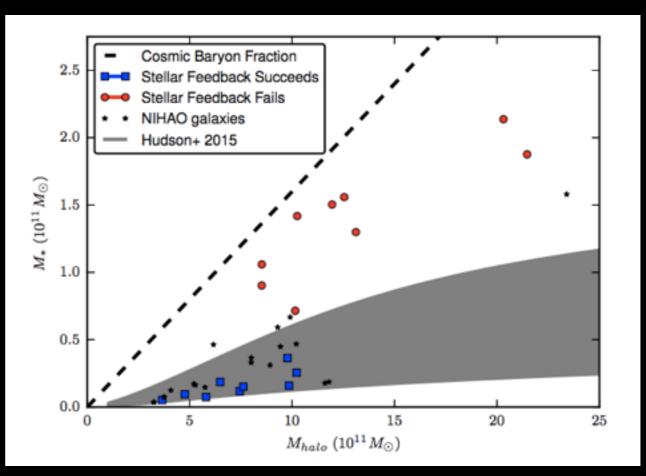
Controlled experiments on the dependence of galaxy properties on host halo assembly history Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017



How to Quench a Galaxy

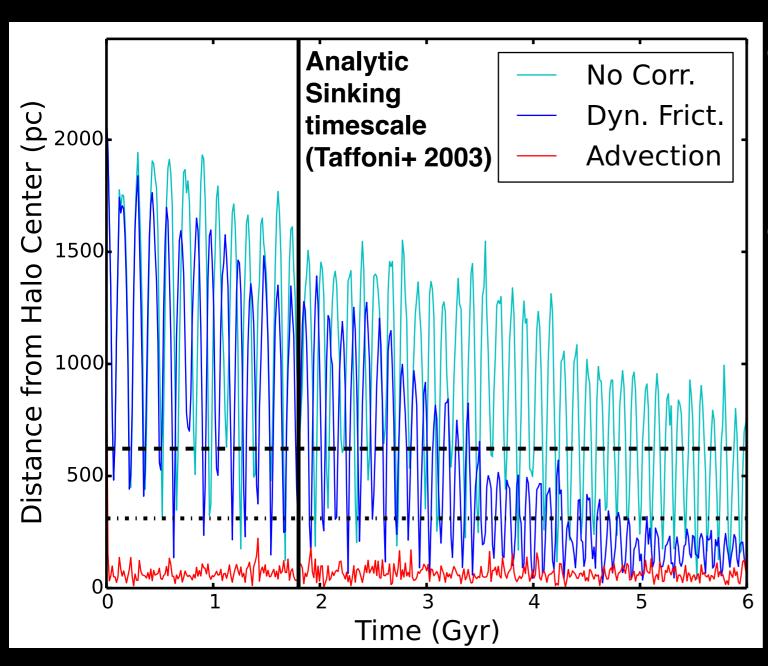
Feedback from Supernovae driven winds efficient only in low mass galaxies





Keller+ 2016

Realistic SMBH Dynamical Evolution

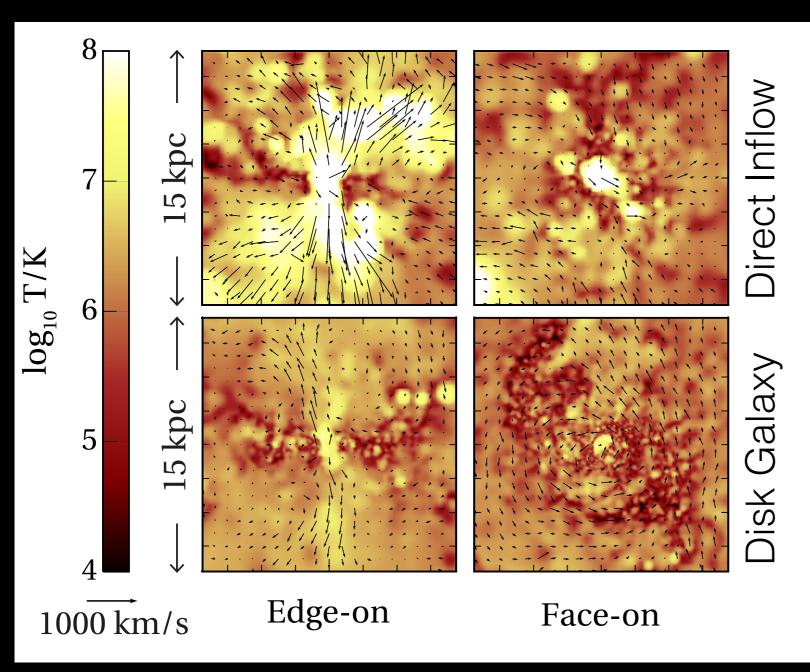


- Accurately follow the orbital evolution of SMBHs down to sub-kpc scales.
- Orbital evolution a prediction that naturally samples the underlying kinematics of host galaxy

Tremmel+ 2015 arxiv.org/abs/1501.07609

See also Hirschmann+ 2014

Accretion that Accounts for Angular Momentum

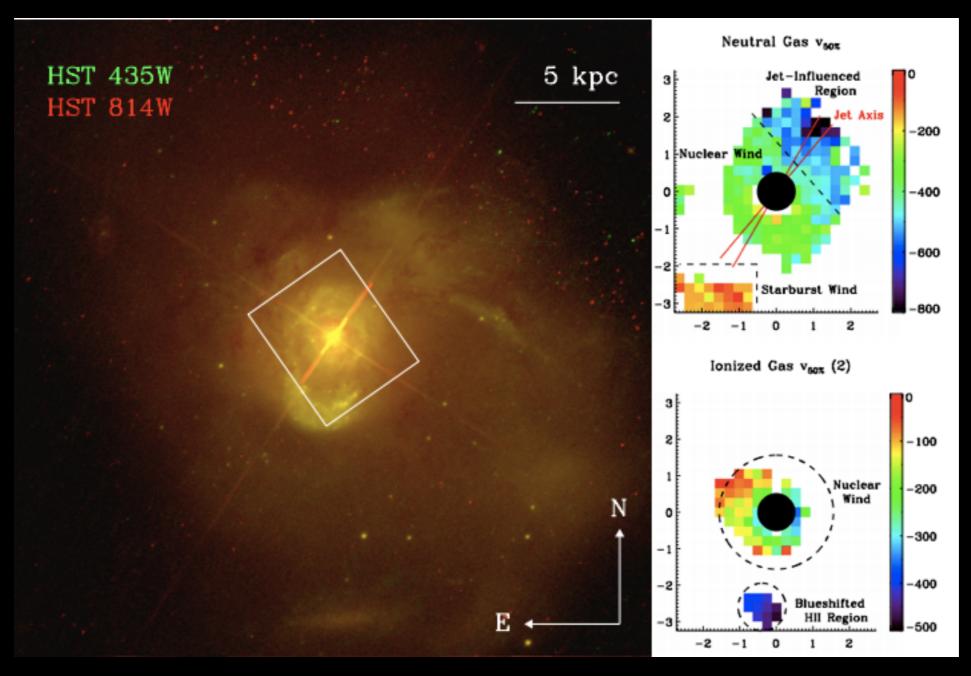


- Account for Angular Momentum Support Tremmel+ 2017
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Pontzen, Tremmel+ 2017

How to Quench a Galaxy

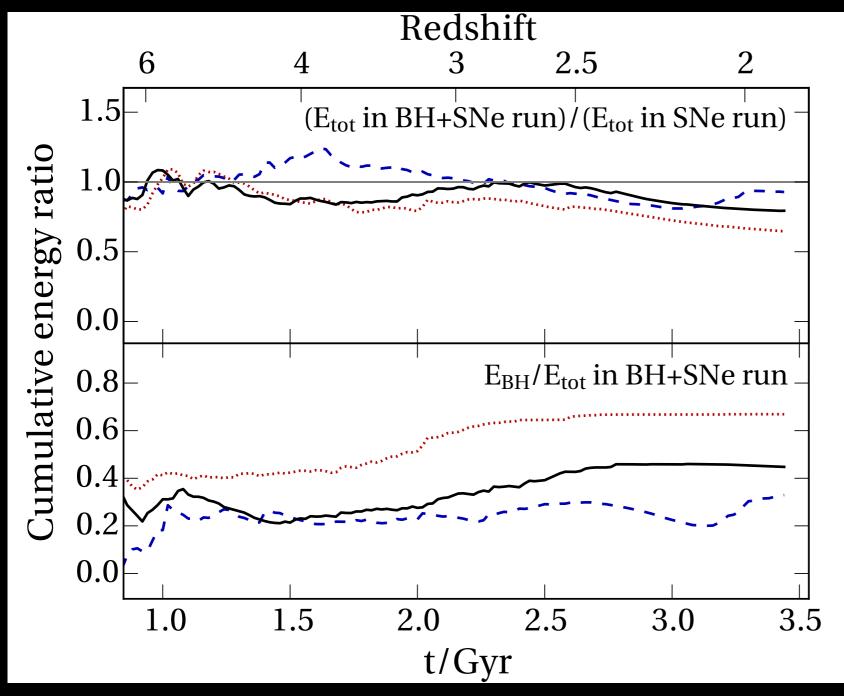
AGN can drive powerful winds in massive galaxies



Rupke & Veilleux 2011

To Quench or Not to Quench

Its not how much energy you get, but how it is distributed



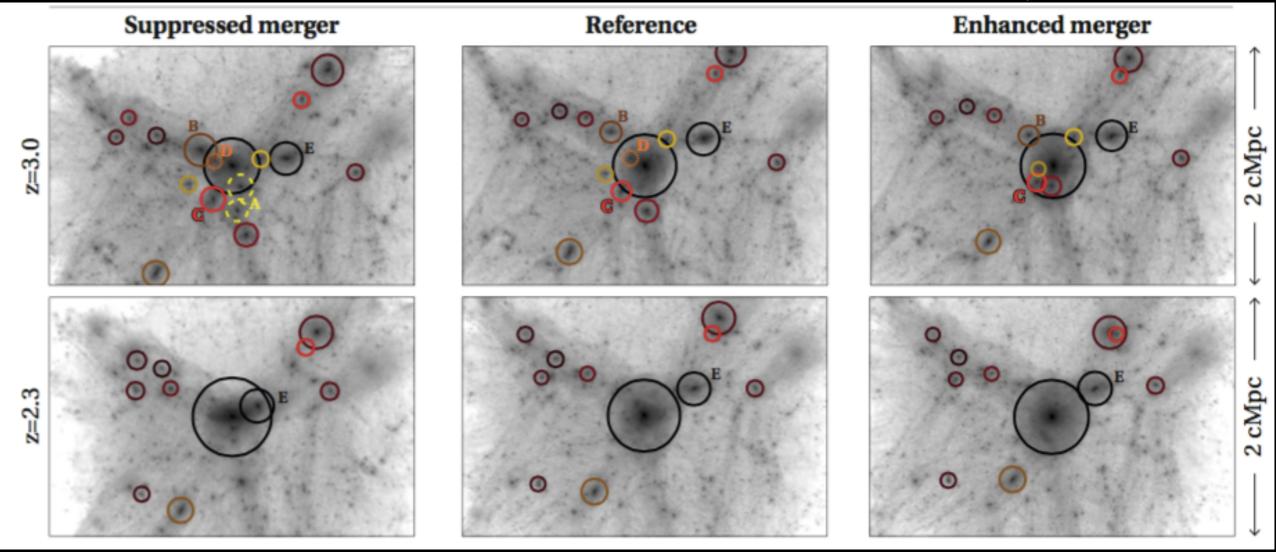
SN and AGN+SN simulations have similar **total** feedback energy output

Quenching requires the **focused feedback** imparted by AGN

Enhanced Suppressed

Genetically Modified Galaxies

Controlled experiments on the dependence of galaxy properties on host halo assembly history



1:10 at $z \sim 3$

1:5 at $z \sim 4$

2:3 at $z \sim 4.6$

