<b>Exoplanets</b>
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Name:			 	
Section:				

**Finding the Mass of an Exoplanet** 

	Object Name	Spectral Type	<b>M</b> ₊ (Solar Masses)	<b>V</b> ∗ (m/s)	Period (years)	Semi- major axis (AU)	M <sub>P</sub> (Solar Masses)	<b>M</b> <sub>P</sub> (Jupiter Masses)	<b>M</b> <sub>P</sub> (Earth Masses)	Object Type
Ex	HD 27894 b	K2	.74	57.5	.0493	.122	5.76x10 <sup>-4</sup>	.603	192	Hot Jupiter
1	GJ 581 e	M5								
2	GS 2000+25	К3								
3	HD 209458 b	F8								
4	HD 70642 b	G5								

## Finding the radius of HD 209458 b

T <sub>1</sub> =	(days)	T <sub>2</sub> =	(0	lays)
R <sub>P</sub> =	(m)		Density =	(kg/m³)

How does this compare to the density of water?

Surface Gravity =  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  (m/s²) How does this compare to the surface gravity of the Earth? Could we comfortably stand on this planet? Why/why not?

## **The Drake Equation**

	Pessimistic values	Optimistic values	Your values
N*			
T <sub>g</sub>			
f <sub>p</sub>			
n <sub>e</sub>			
f <sub>i</sub>			
f <sub>i</sub>			
f <sub>c</sub>			
L			
N			
d			
In the galaxy?			